# Busselton Senior High School

### Semester One Examination, 2017

### Question/Answer booklet

# MATHEMATICS

**METHODS**

**UNIT 3**

## Section Two:

## Calculator-assumed

| Student Number: In figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |

In words

Your name

## Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Working time: one hundred minutes

## Materials required/recommended for this section

***To be provided by the supervisor***

This Question/Answer booklet

Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

***To be provided by the candidate***

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

## Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

## Structure of this paper

| Section | Number of questions available | Number of questions to be answered | Working  time (minutes) | Marks available | Percentage of examination |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Section One:  Calculator-free | 8 | 8 | 50 | 52 | 35 |
| Section Two:  Calculator-assumed | 11 | 11 | 100 | 98 | 65 |
|  | | |  | **Total** | 100 |

## Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.

2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.

3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.

4. Additional working space pages at the end of this Question/Answer booklet are for planning or continuing an answer. If you use these pages, indicate at the original answer, the page number it is planned/continued on and write the question number being planned/continued on the additional working space page.

5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.

6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.

7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

**Section** **Two: Calculator-****assumed** **65% (****98 Marks)**

This section has**eleven (****11)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

**Question 9 (7 marks)**

The voltage between the plates of a discharging capacitor can be modelled by the function , where is the voltage in volts, is the time in seconds and is a constant.

It was observed that after three minutes the voltage between the plates had decreased to 0.6 volts.

(a) State the initial voltage between the plates. (1 mark)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ states value (units not required) |

(b) Determine the value of . (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes equation  ✓ solves, rounding to 3sf |

(c) How long did it take for the initial voltage to halve? (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes equation  ✓ solves, rounding to 3sf |

(d) At what rate was the voltage decreasing at the instant it reached 8 volts? (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses rate of change  ✓ states decrease, dropping negative sign |

**Question 10 (11 marks)**

The gradient function of is given by .

(a) Show that the graph of has two stationary points. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ equates derivative to zero and factorises  ✓ shows two solutions and concludes two stationary points |

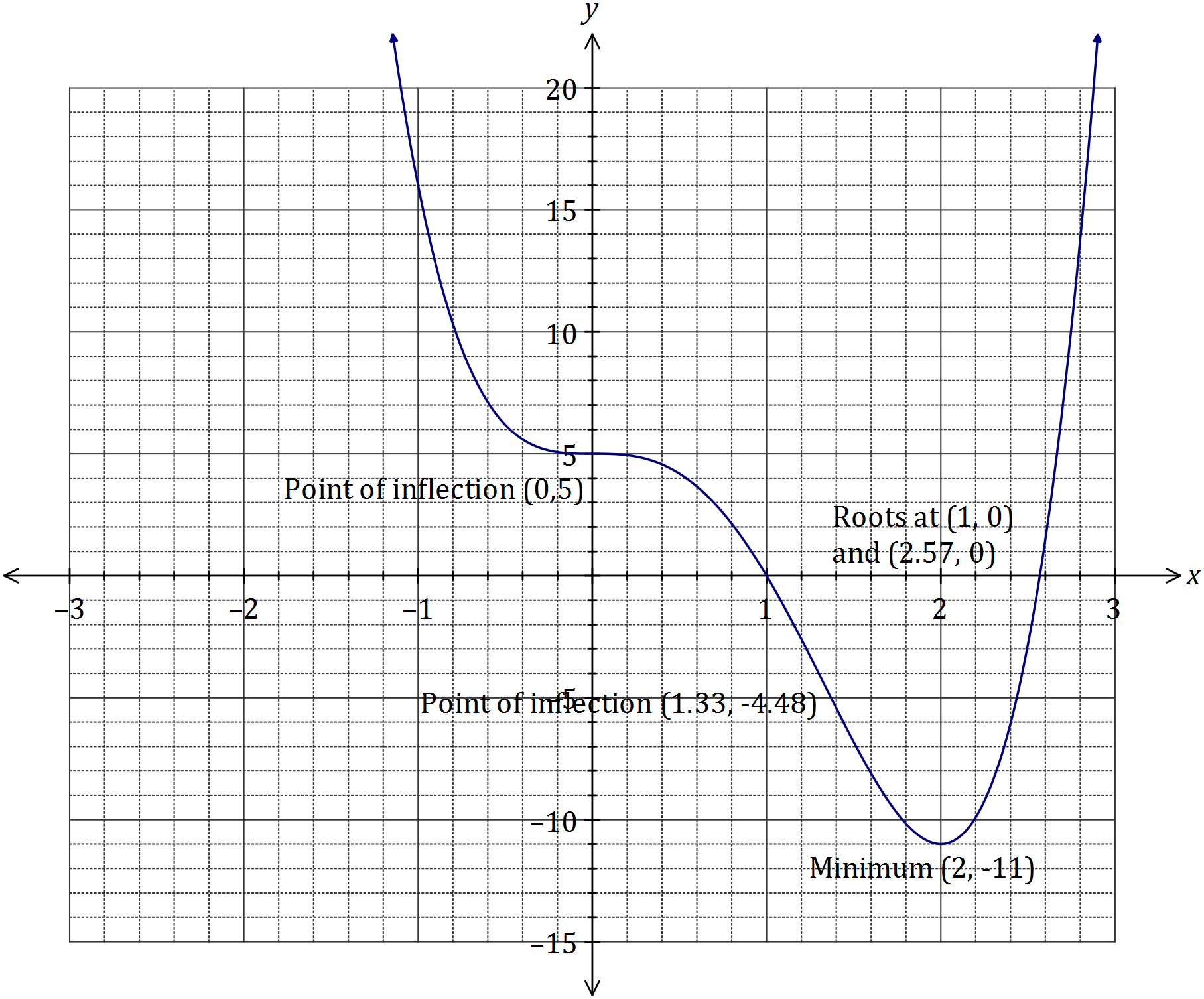
(b) Determine the interval(s) for which the graph of the function is concave upward. (3 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ shows condition for concave upwards  ✓ uses second derivative  ✓ states intervals |

(c) Given that the graph of passes through , determine . (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ integrates  ✓ determines constant |

(d) Sketch the graph of , indicating all key features. (4 marks)



| **Solution** |
| --- |
| See graph |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ minimum  ✓ roots  ✓ points of inflection  ✓ smooth curve |

**Question 11 (7 marks)**

(a) Four random variables , , and are defined below. State, with reasons, whether the distribution of the random variable is Bernoulli, binomial, uniform or none of these.

(4 marks)

*The dice referred to is a cube with faces numbered with the integers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.*

(i) is the number of throws of a dice until a six is scored.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| Neither - distribution is geometric |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ answer with reason |

(ii) is the score when a dice is thrown.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| Uniform - all outcomes are equally likely |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ answer with reason |

(iii) is the number of odd numbers showing when a dice is thrown.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| Bernoulli - two complementary outcomes |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ answer with reason |

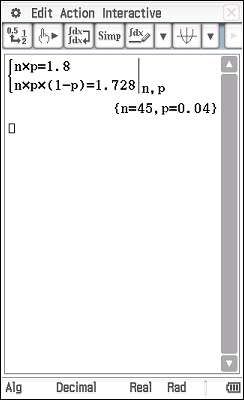
(iv) is the total of the scores when two dice are thrown.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| Neither - distribution is triangular |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ answer with reason |

(b) Pegs produced by a manufacturer are known to be defective with probability , independently of each other. The pegs are sold in bags of for $4.95. The random variable is the number of faulty pegs in a bag.

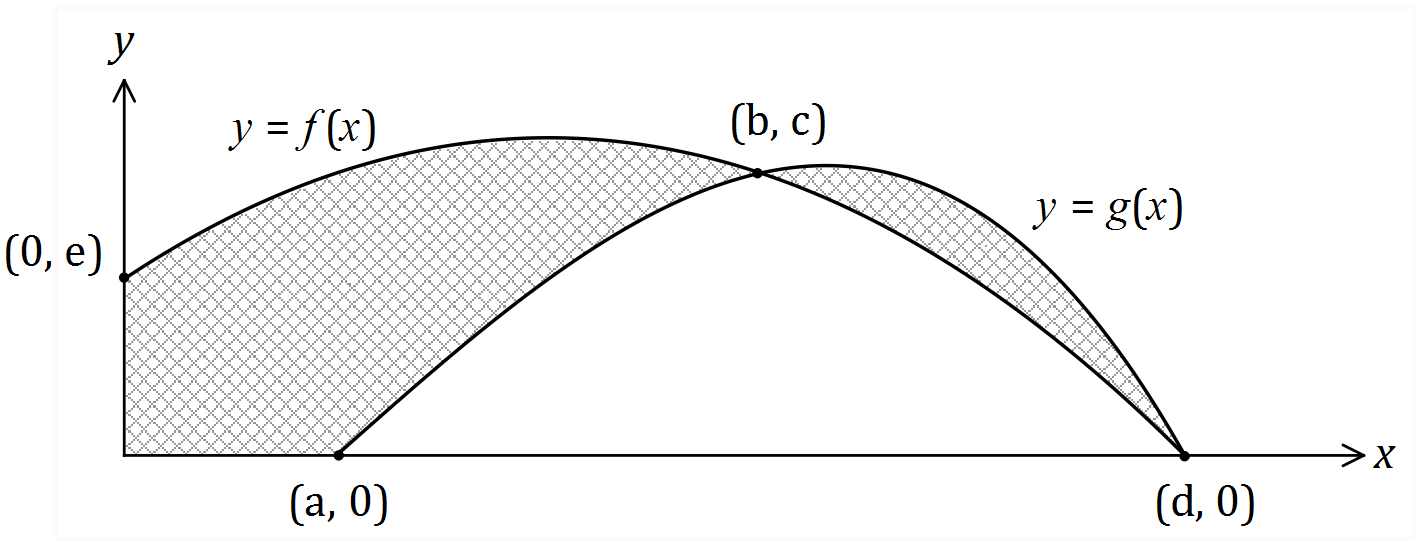
If and , determine and . (3 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes equations for mean and variance  ✓ solves for  ✓ solves for |



**Question 12 (7 marks)**

The graphs of the functions and are shown below, intersecting at the points and .



(a) Using definite integrals, write an expression for the area of the shaded region. (3 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ area from to  ✓ area from to  ✓ uses correct notation throughout |

(b) Evaluate the area when and .

(4 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ determines values of , and  ✓ area from to  ✓ area from to  ✓ correct area |

**Question 13 (9 marks)**

75% of the avocados produced by a farm are known to be first grade, the rest being second grade. Trays of 24 avocados are filled at random in a packing shed and sent to market.

Let the random variable be the number of first grade avocados in a single tray.

(a) Explain why is a discrete random variable, and identify its probability distribution.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| is a DRV as it can only take integer values from 0 to 24.  follows a binomial distribution: |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ explanation using discrete values  ✓ identifies binomial, with parameters |

(2 marks)

(b) Calculate the mean and standard deviation of . (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ mean, ✓ standard deviation |

(c) Determine the probability that a randomly chosen tray contains

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ probability |

(i) 18 first grade avocados. (1 mark)

(ii) more than 15 but less than 20 first grade avocados. (2 marks)

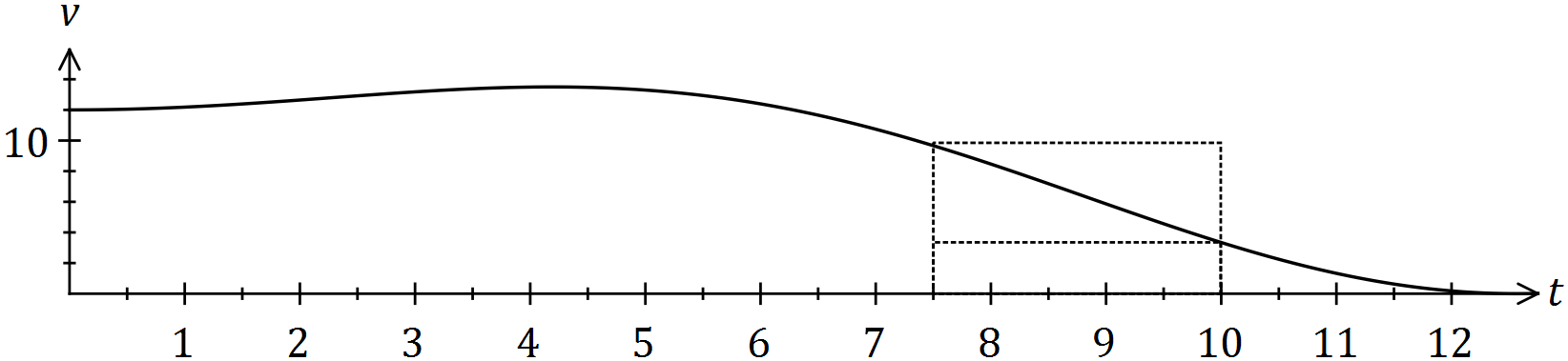
| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses correct bounds  ✓ probability |

(d) In a random sample of 1000 trays, how many trays are likely to have fewer first grade than second grade avocados. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ identifies upper bound and calculates probability  ✓ calculates whole number of trays |

**Question 14 (8 marks)**

The speed, in metres per second, of a car approaching a stop sign is shown in the graph below and can be modelled by the equation , where represents the time in seconds.



The area under the curve for any time interval represents the distance travelled by the car.

(a) Complete the table below, rounding to two decimal places. (2 marks)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 12.00 | 12.92 | 13.30 | 9.66 |  |

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| See table |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ values, ✓ rounding |

(b) Complete the following table and hence estimate the distance travelled by the car during the first ten seconds by calculating the mean of the sums of the inscribed areas and the circumscribed areas, using four rectangles of width 2.5 seconds.

*(The rectangles for the 7.5 to 10 second interval are shown on the graph.)* (5 marks)

| Interval |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Inscribed area | 30.0 | 32.3 | 24.15 |  |
| Circumscribed area | 32.3 | 33.25 | 33.25 |  |

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| See table (*may have slightly different values if using exact values of rather than those from (a))* |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ values 1st col, ✓ values 2nd col, ✓ values 3rd col  ✓ sums  ✓ estimate that rounds to 109 |

(c) Suggest one change to the above procedure to improve the accuracy of the estimate.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| Use a larger number of thinner rectangles. |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ valid suggestion |

(1 mark)

**Question 15 (10 marks)**

A slot machine is programmed to operate at random, making various payouts after patrons pay $2 and press a start button. The random variable is the amount of the payout, in dollars, in one play of the machine. Each payout can be assumed to be independent of other payouts.

The probability, , that the machine makes a certain payout, , is shown in the table below.

| Payout ($) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 50 | 100 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Probability | 0.25 | 0.45 | 0.2125 | 0.0625 | 0.0125 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.0025 |

(a) Determine the probability that

(i) in one play of the machine, a payout of more than $1 is made. (1 mark)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ states probability |

(ii) in ten plays of the machine, it makes a payout of $5 no more than once. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ indicates binomial distribution  ✓ calculates probability |

(iii) in five plays of the machine, the second payout of $1 occurs on the fifth play.

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| First payout in one of four plays:  Second payout: |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses first and second event  ✓ calculates for first event  ✓ calculates for both events |

(3 marks)

(b) Calculate the mean and standard deviation of . (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ mean  ✓ sd |

(c) In the long run, what percentage of the player's money is returned to them? (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses mean and payment  ✓ calculates percentage |

**Question 16 (12 marks)**

Particle leaves point at time seconds and moves in a straight line with acceleration given by

Particle has an initial velocity of and point has a displacement of metres from the origin.

(a) Calculate the initial acceleration of . (1 mark)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ correct value |

(b) Is ever stationary? If your answer is yes, determine the time(s) when this happens. If your answer is no, explain why. (3 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ integrates to find velocity  ✓ correct constant  ✓ solves for zero |

(c) Calculate the displacement of when seconds. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ integrates to find change in displacement  ✓ calculates actual displacement |

(d) Calculate the change of displacement of during the third second. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses correct bounds  ✓ integrates to find change in displacement |

(e) Determine the maximum speed of during the first three seconds and the time when this occurs. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| Observe decreases then increases:  Hence maximum speed is 3 ms-1. |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ examines at endpoints  ✓ determines maximum speed |

(f) Calculate the total distance travelled by during the first three seconds. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses integral(s) to determine distance  ✓ evaluates distance |

**Question 17 (10 marks)**

Let the random variable be the number of vowels in a random selection of four letters from those in the word LOGARITHM, with no letter to be chosen more than once.

(a) Complete the probability distribution of below. (1 mark)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses sum of probabilities |

(b) Show how the probability for was calculated. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses combinations for numerator  ✓ uses combinations for denominator and simplifies |

(c) Determine . (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ obtains numerator  ✓ obtains denominator and simplifies |

Let event occur when no vowels are chosen in random selection of four letters from those in the word LOGARITHM.

(d) State . (1 mark)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ calculates probability |

(e) Let be a Bernoulli random variable with parameter . Determine the mean and standard deviation of . (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
| is a Bernoulli rv, so |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ indicates Bernoulli rv and states mean  ✓ states sd |

(f) Determine the probability that occurs no more than twice in ten random selections of four letters from those in the word LOGARITHM. (2 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ indicates binomial distribution with parameters  ✓ calculates probability |

**Question 18 (8 marks)**

A storage container of volume cm3 is to be made in the form of a right circular cylinder with one end open. The material for the circular end costs 12c per square centimetre and for the curved side costs 9c per square centimetre.

(a) Show that the cost of materials for the container is cents, where is the radius of the cylinder. (4 marks)

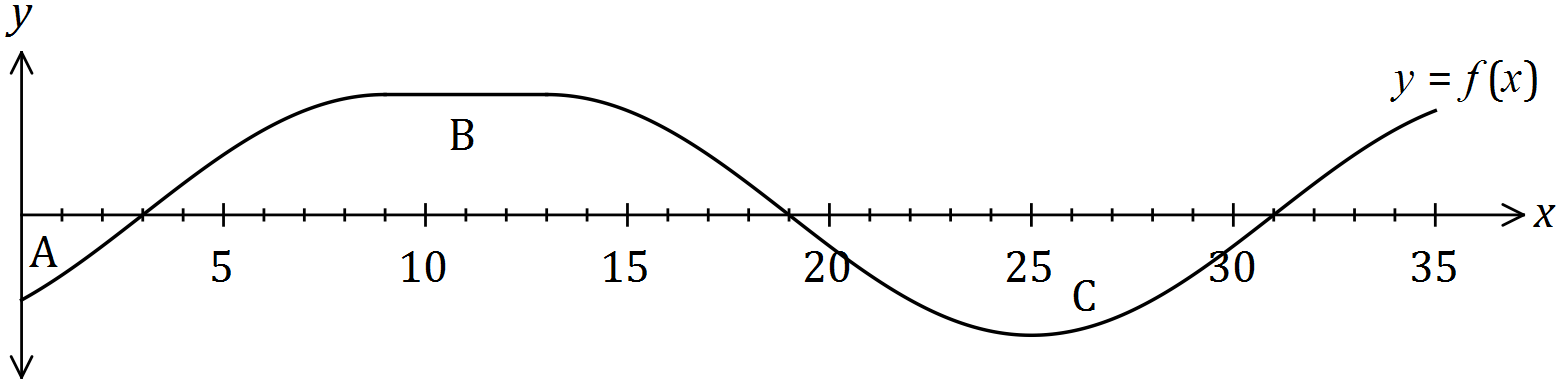
| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses volume formula  ✓ expression for in terms of  ✓ uses area formula adjusted for one end and cost  ✓ substitutes for in cost formula |

(b) Use calculus techniques to determine the dimensions of the container that minimise its material costs and state this minimum cost. (4 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ differentiates  ✓ equates and solves for  ✓ determines min cost  ✓ states dimensions |

**Question 19 (9 marks)**

The graph of is shown below. The areas between the curve and the axis for regions , and are , and square units respectively.



(a) Evaluate

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ sums signed areas |

(i) . (1 mark)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ reverses limits and negates  ✓ sums signed areas |

(ii) . (2 marks)

(iii) . (3 marks)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ splits integral and takes difference  ✓ rectangle  ✓ function |

It is also known that , where .

(b) Evaluate

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ states area of region |

(i) . (1 mark)

| **Solution** |
| --- |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ deduces  ✓ deduces |

(ii) . (2 marks)

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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